UNITED
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A/50/L.38
29 November 1995

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Fiftieth session
Agenda item 44

THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Egypt, Indonesia, Kuwait, Malaysia, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates and Yemen: draft resolution

The Syrian Golan

The General Assembly,

Having considered the item entitled "The situation in the Middle East",

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General of 24 October 1995, 1/

Recalling Security Council resolution 497 (1981) of 17 December 1981,

Reaffirming the fundamental principle of the inadmissibility of the acquisition of territory by force,

Reaffirming once more the applicability of the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949, 2/ to the occupied Syrian Golan,

Deeply concerned that Israel has not withdrawn from the Syrian Golan, which has been under occupation since 1967, contrary to the relevant Security Council and General Assembly resolutions,

Noting with satisfaction the convening at Madrid of the Peace Conference on the Middle East on the basis of Security Council resolutions 242 (1967) of

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1/ A/50/574.

2/ United Nations, Treaty Series, vol. 75, No. 973.

22 November 1967 and 338 (1973) of 22 October 1973, with the hope that substantial and concrete progress will be achieved on the Syrian and Lebanese tracks for the realization of a just, comprehensive and lasting peace in the region,

1. Declares that Israel has failed so far to comply with Security Council resolution 497 (1981);

2. Declares also that the Knesset decision of 11 November 1991 annexing the occupied Syrian Golan constitutes a grave violation of Security Council resolution 497 (1981) and therefore is null and void and has no validity whatsoever, and calls upon Israel to rescind it;

3. Reaffirms its determination that all relevant provisions of the Regulations annexed to the Hague Convention of 1907, 3/ and the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949, continue to apply to the Syrian territory occupied by Israel since 1967, and calls upon the parties thereto to respect and ensure respect for their obligations under those instruments in all circumstances;

4. Determines once more that the continued occupation of the Syrian Golan and its de facto annexation constitute a stumbling-block in the way of achieving a just, comprehensive and lasting peace in the region;

5. Demands once more that Israel withdraw from all the occupied Syrian Golan to the line of 4 June 1967 in implementation of the relevant Security Council resolutions;

6. Requests the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its fifty-first session on the implementation of the present resolution.

3/ See Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, The Hague Conventions and Declarations of 1899 and 1907 (New York, Oxford University Press, 1915).

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Agenda item 44

THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Egypt, Indonesia, Kuwait, Malaysia, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates and Yemen: draft resolution

Addendum

Add the following countries to the list of sponsors of the draft resolution:

Bahrain, Djibouti, Jordan, Lebanon, Mauritania, Morocco, Oman, Saudi Arabia and Sudan

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Agenda item 20 (a)

STRENGTHENING OF THE COORDINATION OF HUMANITARIAN AND DISASTER RELIEF ASSISTANCE OF THE UNITED NATIONS, INCLUDING SPECIAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE: STRENGTHENING OF THE COORDINATION OF EMERGENCY HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Sweden: draft resolution

Strengthening of the coordination of emergency humanitarian assistance of the United Nations

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 46/182 of 19 December 1991, 47/168 of 22 December 1992, 48/57 of 14 December 1993 and 49/139 of 20 December 1994,

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General, 1/

Taking note also of Economic and Social Council resolution 1995/56 of 28 July 1995,

Decides to refer further deliberations on these matters, including those related to the Central Emergency Revolving Fund, to the Economic and Social Council at its substantive session of 1996.

1/ A/50/203-E/1995/79.

95-37823 (E) 291195 301195

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Agenda item 24

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE UNITED NATIONS NEW AGENDA FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF AFRICA IN THE 1990S

Sudan: draft resolution

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming its resolution 46/151 of 18 December 1991, the annex to which contains the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s, in paragraphs 43 (c) and (e) and 44 of which it decided, inter alia, to conduct a mid-term review and a final review and assessment of the implementation of the New Agenda,

Reaffirming also its resolutions 48/214 of 23 December 1993 and 49/142 of 23 December 1994 concerning the implementation of the New Agenda,

Recalling its resolution 45/253 of 21 December 1990 on programme planning, in which the economic recovery and development of Africa were stated to be one of the five overall priorities in the medium-term plan for the period 1992-1997, 1/

Taking note of the document entitled "Relaunching Africa's economic and social development: the Cairo Agenda for Action" adopted by the Council of Ministers of the Organization of African Unity at its seventeenth extraordinary session, held at Cairo in March 1995 and endorsed by the Assembly of Heads of State and Government in its resolution AHG/Res.236 (XXXI) of 28 June 1995, 2/

1/ Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 6 (A/47/6/Rev.1), vol. I, programme 45.

2/ See A/50/647, annex II.

Noting resolution CM/Res.596 (LXII) of 23 June 1995 of the Council of Ministers of the Organization of African Unity on the implementation of the New Agenda, 3/ endorsed by the Assembly of Heads of State and Government,

Bearing in mind the report of the Secretary-General 4/ to the high-level segment of the Economic and Social Council at its substantive session of 1995, devoted to the consideration of the development of Africa, including the implementation of the New Agenda, and the summary made by the President of the Council of the debate during the high-level segment, 5/

Having considered the reports of the Secretary-General on advancing financial intermediation in Africa 6/ and diversification of Africa's commodities, 7/

Recalling that the prime objective of the New Agenda is to stop and reverse the continuing deterioration in the socio-economic situation of African countries and to renew the commitment of the international community to supporting Africa's own efforts to achieve sustained economic growth and sustainable development,

Expressing serious concern about the limited progress made so far in the implementation of the New Agenda and the continuing deterioration of the economic and social situation of the African countries as a whole,

Mindful of the urgent need for African countries to increase and mobilize internal resources for sustained economic growth and sustainable development through, inter alia, policies for the promotion of domestic savings, improved and accessible banking facilities and further improvements in traditional practices of capital formation at local levels,

Acknowledging that definitive, durable solutions have not been found to the problem of external debt and the burden of debt which continues to impede the socio-economic development of African countries,

Recognizing the possible adverse effects of the implementation of the agreements of the Uruguay Round of multilateral trade negotiations 8/ for

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3/ Ibid., annex I.

4/ E/1995/81.

5/ See Official Records of the General Assembly, Fiftieth Session, Supplement No. 3 (A/50/3/Rev.1), chap. II.

6/ A/50/490.

7/ A/50/520.

8/ Legal Instruments Embodying the Results of the Uruguay Round of Multilateral Trade Negotiations, done at Marrakesh on 15 April 1994 (GATT secretariat publication, Sales No. GATT/1994-7).

African countries and the urgent need for technical and financial assistance to African countries, inter alia, with a view to identifying their adverse effects and redressing them through appropriate instruments, including compensatory measures as appropriate,

Recognizing also the urgent need to assist African countries in their efforts to diversify their economies and to implement the outcome of major United Nations conferences and summit meetings to achieve sustained economic growth and sustainable development,

Recognizing further that the mid-term review of the implementation of the New Agenda should provide an opportunity for the international community to conduct an in-depth assessment of the actions so far taken in the implementation of the New Agenda and the measures needed for sustained economic growth and sustainable development in Africa beyond the 1990s, and to set out new and corrective policies and measures, including strengthened external support to the efforts of African countries in all areas, so as to ensure the timely, effective and full implementation of the New Agenda during the remaining part of the decade,

Bearing in mind its resolution 42/163 of 8 December 1987 on the critical economic situation in Africa, by which it established an Ad Hoc Committee of the Whole of the General Assembly as the most appropriate mechanism to prepare the review and the appraisal of the United Nations Programme of Action for African Economic Recovery and Development 1986-1990, and its resolutions 43/27 of 18 November 1988 and 45/178 A of 19 December 1990 on that review and appraisal,

1. Takes note with appreciation of the reports of the Secretary-General on advancing financial intermediation in Africa and on diversification of Africa's commodities;

2. Also takes note of the summary by the President of the Economic and Social Council of the debate during the high-level segment of the Council at its substantive session of 1995, devoted to the development of Africa, including the implementation of the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s;

3. Reaffirms the need for the effective implementation of the New Agenda and, to that effect, calls upon the donor countries and all other parties concerned to fulfil their respective aid commitments as stated in the New Agenda;

4. Decides to establish an ad hoc committee of the whole of the fiftieth session of the General Assembly as the most appropriate mechanism to prepare the mid-term review in 1996 of the implementation of the New Agenda, as provided for in the annex to resolution 46/151;

5. Also decides to convene an organizational session of the ad hoc committee of the whole as soon as possible but not later than 30 June 1996 for two working days, to consider and adopt the necessary arrangements for its work regarding, inter alia, the mid-term review of the implementation of the New Agenda, and that the ad hoc committee should have its Bureau constituted at the

highest possible level and composed of a Chairman, three Vice-Chairmen and a Rapporteur;

6. Further decides that the ad hoc committee of the whole should meet for a period of ten working days in September 1996, prior to the fifty-first session of the General Assembly, to prepare the mid-term review on the basis of a report to be prepared by the Secretary-General and of the relevant inputs from Governments, organizations and programmes of the United Nations system, in particular the Economic Commission for Africa, and the Organization of African Unity and other intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations;

7. Decides, moreover, that the ad hoc committee of the whole, in carrying out its mandate, should submit its findings to the General Assembly at its fifty-first session and propose concrete measures and recommendations for sustained economic growth and sustainable development in Africa beyond the 1990s;

8. Urges Member States and organs and bodies of the Untied Nations system to be represented at the highest possible level and to participate actively in the work of the ad hoc committee of the whole;

9. Requests the Secretary-General to submit to the ad hoc committee of the whole a report on the implementation of the New Agenda, and to continue ensuring close cooperation and coordination with the Secretary-General of the Organization of African Unity concerning the contributions of the relevant organs, organizations and bodies of the United Nations system, including the Economic Commission for Africa, the United Nations Development Programme, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development and the United Nations Children's Fund, in the context of his report on the preparation of the mid-term review of the implementation of the New Agenda;

10. Also requests the Secretary-General to include in his report to the ad hoc committee of the whole specific information on the projected total resource requirements needed system-wide for the full implementation of the New Agenda, the amount expected to be mobilized and proposals to address any resource gaps;

11. Further requests the Secretary-General, in close cooperation with the organs and organizations of the United Nation system concerned, to ensure the necessary preparation of the meetings of the ad hoc committee;

12. Requests the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its fifty-first session a report on the work of the ad hoc committee of the whole and on the implementation of the present resolution.

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IMPLEMENTATION OF THE UNITED NATIONS NEW AGENDA FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF AFRICA IN THE 1990s

Sudan: revised draft resolution

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming its resolution 46/151 of 18 December 1991, the annex to which contains the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s, in paragraphs 43 (c) and (e) and 44 of which it decided, inter alia, to conduct a mid-term review and a final review and assessment of the implementation of the New Agenda,

Reaffirming also its resolutions 48/214 of 23 December 1993 and 49/142 of 23 December 1994 concerning the implementation of the New Agenda,

Recalling its resolution 45/253 of 21 December 1990 on programme planning, in which the economic recovery and development of Africa were stated to be one of the five overall priorities in the medium-term plan for the period 1992-1997, 1/

Taking note of the document entitled "Relaunching Africa's economic and social development: the Cairo Agenda for Action" adopted by the Council of Ministers of the Organization of African Unity at its seventeenth extraordinary session, held at Cairo in March 1995 and endorsed by the Assembly of Heads of State and Government in its resolution AHG/Res.236 (XXXI) of 28 June 1995, 2/

1/ Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 6 (A/47/6/Rev.1), vol. I, programme 45.

2/ See A/50/647, annex II.

Noting resolution CM/Res.596 (LXII) of 23 June 1995 of the Council of Ministers of the Organization of African Unity on the implementation of the New Agenda, 3/ endorsed by the Assembly of Heads of State and Government,

Bearing in mind the report of the Secretary-General 4/ to the high-level segment of the Economic and Social Council at its substantive session of 1995, devoted to the consideration of the development of Africa, including the implementation of the New Agenda, and the summary made by the President of the Council of the debate during the high-level segment, 5/

Having considered the reports of the Secretary-General on advancing financial intermediation in Africa 6/ and diversification of Africa's commodities, 7/

Recalling that the prime objective of the New Agenda is to stop and reverse the continuing deterioration in the socio-economic situation of African countries and to renew the commitment of the international community to support Africa's own efforts to achieve sustained economic growth and sustainable development,

Expressing serious concern about the limited progress made so far in the implementation of the New Agenda and the continuing deterioration of the economic and social situation in Africa,

Mindful of the urgent need for African countries to increase and mobilize internal resources for the implementation of the New Agenda through, inter alia, policies for the promotion of domestic savings, improved and accessible banking facilities and further improvements in traditional practices of capital formation at local levels, as well as to continue creating an enabling environment for domestic and foreign investment,

Acknowledging that effective, equitable, development-oriented and durable solutions have to be found to the problems of external debt and the burden of debt which continue to impede the socio-economic development of African countries, despite measures taken on both a bilateral and a multilateral basis to reduce or reschedule their debt,

Recognizing the possible adverse effects and looking forward to the challenges and opportunities of the implementation of the agreements of the

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3/ Ibid., annex I.

4/ E/1995/81.

5/ See Official Records of the General Assembly, Fiftieth Session, Supplement No. 3 (A/50/3/Rev.1), chap. II.

6/ A/50/490.

7/ A/50/520.

Uruguay Round of multilateral trade negotiations 8/ for African countries and the urgent need for further technical and financial assistance to African countries, inter alia, with a view to identifying their adverse effects and alleviating them through appropriate measures, including possible supportive measures, as appropriate, in order to maximize their participation in the world trading system,

Recognizing also the urgent need to continue to assist African countries in their efforts to diversify their economies,

Recognizing further that the mid-term review of the implementation of the New Agenda should provide an opportunity for the international community to conduct an in-depth assessment of the actions so far taken in the implementation of the New Agenda and the measures needed for sustained economic growth and sustainable development in Africa beyond the 1990s, and to continue to develop policies and measures, including new and/or corrective policies and measures, as appropriate, and continued external support to the efforts of African countries in all areas, so as to ensure the timely, effective and full implementation of the New Agenda during the remaining part of the decade,

Bearing in mind its resolution 42/163 of 8 December 1987 on the critical economic situation in Africa, by which it established an Ad Hoc Committee of the Whole of the General Assembly as the most appropriate mechanism to prepare the review and the appraisal of the United Nations Programme of Action for African Economic Recovery and Development 1986-1990, and its resolutions 43/27 of 18 November 1988 and 45/178 A of 19 December 1990 on that review and appraisal,

1. Takes note with appreciation of the reports of the Secretary-General on advancing financial intermediation in Africa and on diversification of Africa's commodities;

2. Also takes note of the summary by the President of the Economic and Social Council of the debate during the high-level segment of the Council at its substantive session of 1995, devoted to the development of Africa, including the implementation of the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s;

3. Reaffirms the need for the effective implementation of the New Agenda and, to that effect, calls upon the donor countries and all other parties concerned to fulfil their respective commitments as stated in the New Agenda, and calls upon African countries to implement the measures necessary to achieve the goals of the New Agenda;

4. Decides to establish an ad hoc committee of the whole of the fiftieth session of the General Assembly as the most appropriate mechanism to prepare the mid-term review in 1996 of the implementation of the New Agenda, as provided for in the annex to resolution 46/151;

8/ Legal Instruments Embodying the Results of the Uruguay Round of Multilateral Trade Negotiations, done at Marrakesh on 15 April 1994 (GATT secretariat publication, Sales No. GATT/1994-7).

5. Also decides to convene an organizational session of the Ad Hoc Committee of the Whole as soon as possible but not later than 30 June 1996 for two working days, to consider and adopt the necessary arrangements for its work regarding, inter alia, the mid-term review of the implementation of the New Agenda, and that the Ad Hoc Committee should have its Bureau constituted at the highest appropriate level and composed of a Chairman, three Vice-Chairmen and a Rapporteur;

6. Further decides that the Ad Hoc Committee of the Whole should meet for a period of up to seven working days in September 1996, prior to the fifty-first session of the General Assembly, to prepare the mid-term review on the basis of a report to be prepared by the Secretary-General, including relevant inputs from Governments regarding their efforts and experiences in implementing the New Agenda and/or organizations and programmes of the United Nations system and other intergovernmental organizations, in particular the Organization of African Unity and non-governmental organizations;

7. Invites the Economic Commission for Africa to submit a report to the Secretary-General by June 1996 on actions taken and progress achieved by African countries in the implementation of the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s;

8. Decides, moreover, that the Ad Hoc Committee of the Whole, in carrying out its mandate, should submit its findings to the General Assembly at its fifty-first session and propose concrete measures and recommendations for sustained economic growth and sustainable development in Africa beyond the 1990s;

9. Urges Member States and organs and bodies of the Untied Nations system to be represented at the highest appropriate level and to participate actively in the work of the Ad Hoc Committee of the Whole;

10. Requests the Secretary-General to submit to the Ad Hoc Committee of the Whole a report on the implementation of the New Agenda, including a summary and assessment of national efforts based on relevant inputs from African countries, and to continue ensuring close cooperation and coordination with the Secretary-General of the Organization of African Unity concerning the contributions of the relevant organs, organizations and bodies of the United Nations system, including the Economic Commission for Africa, the United Nations Development Programme, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees and the United Nations Children's Fund, in the context of his report on the preparation of the mid-term review of the implementation of the New Agenda;

11. Also requests the Secretary-General to include in his report to the Ad Hoc Committee of the Whole estimates of the projected resource requirements from all sources, public and private, domestic and international, needed for the full implementation of the New Agenda, the amount expected to be mobilized and proposals to address any resource gaps, taking into account the specific economic and development situations of African countries;

12. Further requests the Secretary-General, in close cooperation with the organs and organizations of the United Nation system concerned, to ensure the necessary preparation of the meetings of the Ad Hoc Committee;

13. Requests the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its fifty-first session a report on the work of the Ad Hoc Committee of the Whole and on the implementation of the present resolution.